

# CODE OF GOVERNANCE

FOR CHARITIES AND INSTITUTIONS OF A PUBLIC CHARACTER

4 April 2023

In Conversation with Commissioner of Charities and Charity Council



CODE OF GOVERNANCE FOR CHARITIES AND INSTITUTIONS

OF A PUBLIC CHARACTER



# **AGENDA**

- 1 Overview of the Code of Governance (Code)
- 2 Key Revisions
  - a. Principle-Based Code with guidelines
  - b. Revised Tiers
  - c. GEC Compliance and Scoring Matrix
  - d. Introducing ESG concept
  - e. Revised Guidelines
- 3 Additional Resources for You!

# Overview of the Code of Governance (Code)

# ABOUT THE CODE OF GOVERNANCE

2010 2015 2021 2007

- Launch of Code of Governance
- 1<sup>st</sup> Code Refinement
- Published in 2011
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Code Refinement
- Published in 2017

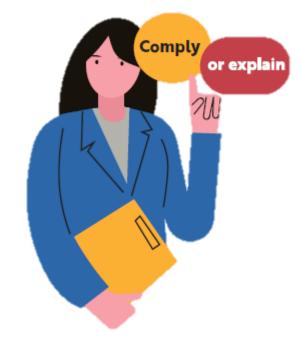
- Publish in 2023

Revision

## 'Comply or Explain'

Review or consider amending their governing instruments, by-laws and policies, if required

Applicable for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2024.



# **OBJECTIVES OF THE CODE**



Enhance the effectiveness of charities



Provide guidance to Board members



Boost public confidence in the charity sector

# WHO IS THE CODE FOR?

## **For Charities**

Charities are charitable organisations working for public benefit. The charity's Board and Management are responsible for putting in place the principles and guidelines of good governance. The Code is a practical tool to help them achieve this.



## For the Public

Members of the public make donations and volunteer their services to charities. The Code helps the public to:

- a. understand good governance and management practices; and
- b. make informed decisions on which charities to support.



# Key Revisions

# MOVING TOWARDS PRINCIPLE-BASED APPROACH

## Principle 1:

The charity serves its mission and achieves its objectives.

## Principle 2:

The charity has an effective Board and Management.

## Principle 3:

The charity acts responsibly, fairly and with integrity.

## Principle 4:

The charity is wellmanaged and plans for the future.

## Principle 5:

The charity is accountable and transparent.

## Principle 6:

The charity communicates actively to instil public confidence.



Encourage charities to be more active in reviewing charity's operations to be aligned with the overarching principle, not a box-ticking exercise.





## Principle 1:

The charity serves its mission and achieves its objectives.

### What does this principle cover?

- Purpose
- Strategic Planning
- · Monitoring, Evaluating and Reporting of Impact

The charity understands its charitable purposes and continuously strives to achieve its mission and vision,



## Why is this principle important?

A charity should fulfil not-for-profit and charitable purposes that meet the needs of its beneficiaries and stakeholders, it should adopt clear strategic plans when making decisions to achieve its charitable purposes, and actively monitor, evaluate and report its plans.

## Call for Action

- Clearly state the charitable purposes (For example, vision and mission, objectives, use of resources, activities, and so on) and include the objectives in the charity's governing instrument. Publish the stated charitable purposes on platforms (For example, Charity Portal, website, social media channels, and so on) that can be easily accessed by the public,
- Develop and implement strategic plans to achieve the stated charitable purposes.
- Have the Board review the charity's strategic plans regularly to ensure that the charity is achieving its charitable purposes, and monitor, evaluate and report the outcome and impact of its activities.

### PRINCIPLE 1

### **Additional Guidelines for Tier 2 charities**

1.4 Document the plan for building the capacity and capability of the charity and ensure that the Board monitors the progress of this plan.

"Capacity" refers to a charity's infrastructure and operational resources while "capability" refers to its expertise, skills and knowledge.

### Example

### The charity complies with the principle:

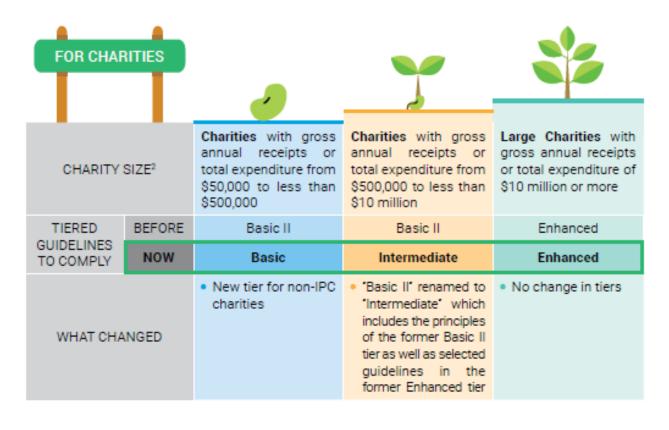
· A charity has clear written statements of its vision and mission, objectives, who they are, what they do, who the beneficiaries are and how they serve them. These statements are published on its website, social media, and brochures. When a member of the public contacts the charity, it can explain its charitable purposes and share how the charity's resources are being used to further its charitable purposes.

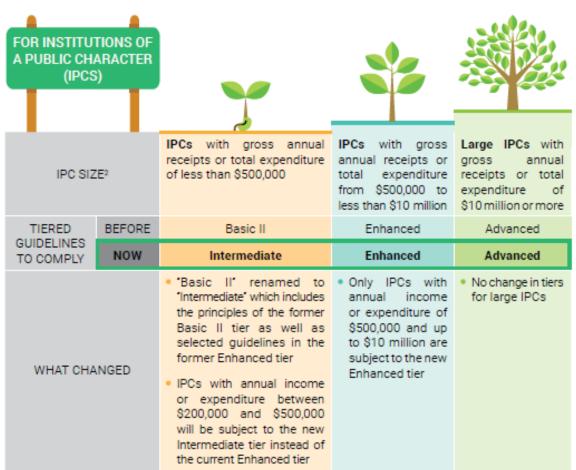
### The charity does not comply with the principle:

· A charity uses its funds to pay for political campaigns, which should not be the case. A charity should not allow its funds and/or premises to be used for political purposes and should refrain from conducting itself in a way that can be reasonably construed as involving partisan politics.



# **EXISTING TIERS (CODE 2017)**





# **REVISED TIERS**

## TIER 1

# Small and Medium Non-IPC Charities

With gross annual receipts or total expenditure (whichever is higher) from \$50,000 to less than \$10 million.

## TIER 2

## (i) All IPCs

## (ii) Large Non-IPC Charities

With gross annual receipts or total expenditure (whichever is higher) of \$10 million or more.

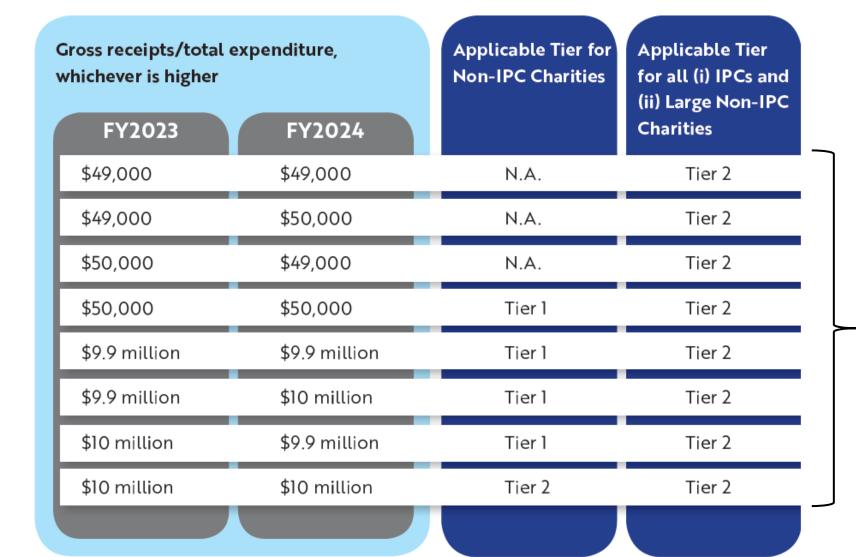


# **REVISED TIERS - ILLUSTRATION**

CHARITY SIZE	TIER TYPES (BEFORE)	TIER TYPES (NEW)
Charities with gross annual receipts or total expenditure from \$50,000 to less than \$500,000	Basic	Tier 1
Charities with gross annual receipts or total expenditure from \$500,000 to less than \$10 million	Intermediate	Tier 1
Charities with gross annual receipts or total expenditure of \$10 million or more	Enhanced	Tier 2

IPC SIZE	TIER TYPES (BEFORE)	TIER TYPES (NEW)
IPCs with gross annual receipts or total expenditure of less than \$500,000	Intermediate	Tier 2
IPCs with gross annual receipts or total expenditure from \$500,000 to less than \$10 million	Enhanced	Tier 2
Large IPCs with gross annual receipts or total expenditure of \$10 million or more	Advanced	Tier 2

# **REVISED TIERS - ILLUSTRATION**



Submitting for FY2024 in 2025

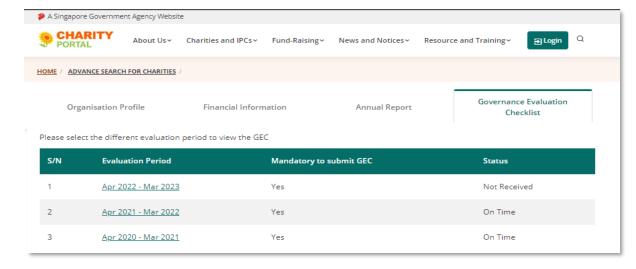
# **GOVERNANCE EVALUATION** CHECKLIST (GEC)



# **SUBMISSION - LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT**

Please note that any false information provided in this submission will invalidate this submission.

- I confirm that the information provided in this submission is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I am aware that the provision of false or misleading information in relation to this submission to the Commissioner of Charities can constitute a criminal offence, which is punishable by imprisonment and/or a fine.
- I hereby declare that the Governing Board has approved this Governance Evaluation Checklist and has authorized me to submit this checklist on its behalf. All information given by me in this checklist submission is true to the best of my knowledge and I have not willfully suppressed any material fact,





Approved by the charity's **Board and Management** 



Public viewing on **Charity Portal** 

# **SCORING MATRIX**

## WE HEAR YOU!





**SCORE RESPONSE** Yes No 0

## **Partial Compliance**

- The charity is taking steps to comply with the guideline even if the charity has not yet fully met the requirement.
- For guidelines with numerous subpoints (For example, developing internal controls), the charity should achieve 50% of the requirement.



Enhance the charity sector's level of transparency and encourage better disclosure practices.

**Deduction Point System** 

**Point Allocation System** 





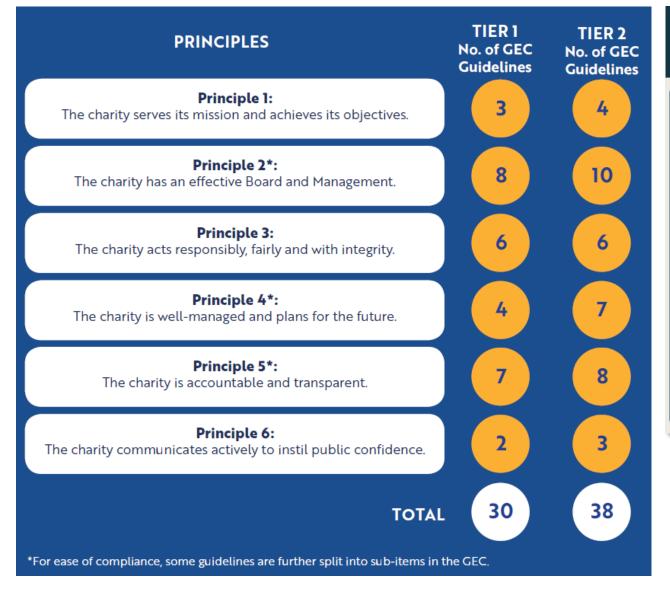
# **SCORING MATRIX**



First batch of charities to submit the revised GEC will be those with **financial years ending on 31 December 2024.** 

(73 points / 76 points)

# NO. OF GUIDELINES



### **GOVERNANCE EVALUATION CHECKLIST (GEC)** TIER 1 Principle 1: The charity serves its m **GOVERNANCE EVALUATION CHECKLIST (GEC)** TIER 2 **CALL FOR ACTION** Principle 1: 1. Clearly state the charitable purpo The charity serves its mission and achieves its objectives. example, vision and mission, objective resources, activities, and so on) and in objectives in the charity's governing in indicated "No Publish the stated charitable purp **CALL FOR ACTION** or 'Partial platforms (For example, Charity Portal Compliance", social media channels, and so on) that into action? please explain. easily accessed by the public. 1. Clearly state the charitable purposes (For example, vision and mission, objectives, use of resources, activities, and so on) and include the Partial 2. Develop and implement strategic plans t objectives in the charity's governing instrument, the stated charitable purposes. Publish the stated charitable purposes on platforms (For example, Charity Portal, website, social media channels, and so on) that can be easily accessed by the public, 3. Have the Board review the charity's strate 1.2 2. Develop and implement strategic plans to achieve regularly to ensure that the charity is acl the stated charitable purposes. charitable purposes, and monitor, eval **Partial** report the outcome and impact of its ac 1.3 3. Have the Board review the charity's strategic plans regularly to ensure that the charity is achieving its charitable purposes, and monitor, evaluate and Partial report the outcome and impact of its activities. 4. Document the plan for building the capacity and capability of the charity and ensure that the Board monitors the progress of this plan. **Partial** "Capacity" refers to a charity's infrastructure and operational resources while "capability" refers to its expertise, skills and knowledge.

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG)

## **Environmental**

Charities are encouraged to conduct their work in an environmentally- friendly and sustainable manner.



(For example, taking reference from the Singapore Green Plan 2030, making green

practices such as reduce, reuse, and recycle part of daily operations, using energy efficiently, and if a charity invests its excess funds, it should consider investing only in environmentally-conscious companies, and so on).



As other sectors are making decisions based on ESG, this will also have an impact on charities' relationships with their stakeholders, corporate partners and donors.

## Social

Charities are encouraged to align their strategies to be socially-conscious and responsible.



(For example, providing care for the charities' stakeholders, show appreciation towards their community and their stakeholders, cultivate good relationships, and so on).

## Governance

Charities are encouraged to achieve the highest standards of governance.

(For example, comply with all the applicable regulations and implement the Code guidelines, and so on).



# **ESG: GUIDELINE 3.5**

## Principle 3:

The charity acts responsibly, fairly and with integrity.

## **Call for Action**

- 3.1 Conduct appropriate background checks on the members of the Board and Management to ensure they are suited to work at the charity.
- 3.2 Document the processes for the Board and Management to declare actual or potential conflicts of interest, and the measures to deal with these conflicts of interest when they arise.
  - a. A Board member with a conflict of interest in the matter(s) discussed should recuse himself/herself from the meeting and should not vote or take part in the decision-making during the meeting.
- 3.3 Ensure that no Board member or staff is involved in setting his/her own remuneration directly or indirectly.
- 3.4 Establish a Code of Conduct that reflects the charity's values and ethics and ensure that the Code of Conduct is applied appropriately.
- 3.5 Take into consideration the ESG factors when conducting the charity's activities,

## 3.5

Take into consideration the ESG factors when conducting the charity's activities.

# **ESG: GUIDELINE 3.5**

# QN: What if my charity is not equipped to implement ESG in our charitable works?

- ESG seen to safeguard organisations from future risks.
- Timely to introduce the concept of ESG to charities to familiarise them with it.
- Collaborating with various partners to develop relevant ESG guide/template and conduct trainings
- Comply by indicating in your charity's Annual Report and/or other platforms/documents that you have considered the ESG factors when conducting your activities.

# TERM LIMITS (CODE 2017)

## **ENHANCED/ADVANCED TIERS**

1.1.13 The charity should establish term limits for all Board members to ensure steady renewal of the Board. These may be set out in the charity's governing instrument.

Re-appointment to the Board can be considered after a lapse of at least two years.

The charity should disclose the reasons for retaining Board member(s) who have served on the Board for more than 10 consecutive years, in its annual report.



# TERM LIMITS (Code 2023)

## FOR TIER 2 CHARITIES



Encourage charity to have succession planning and steady renewal.

# The term limit for all Board members should be <u>set at</u> <u>10 consecutive years or less.</u>

- · Re-appointment can be considered after at least a two-year break.
- Extension beyond 10 years should be deliberated and approved at the general meeting where the Board member is being re-appointed or re-elected to serve for the charity's term of service.
- Disclose the reasons for retaining any Board member and the succession plan, in its annual report.

# **TERM LIMITS - ILLUSTRATION**

A Serves for 10 years 2-year break Re-appointed

Serves for 10 years, steps down for 2 years, re-appointed as BM (Refresh Board Term)

B



**→** 





Re-appointed

Serves for 4 years, steps down for 1 year, re-appointed as BM (Continues Board Term: 5<sup>th</sup>)

C



Serves for 10 years







Serves another term

Strong need to retain, conduct an election, serves for another term (Explain in GEC and report in AR.)

# **TERM LIMITS**

# QN: I am a smaller IPC, I may have difficulty abiding to this guideline as it is difficult for us to find Board Members.

- Explain the non-compliance
- Re-election if it is necessary to retain a Board member beyond 10 years
- Disclose reasons for retaining the board member
- Disclose succession plan in its annual report

# **OTHER REVISIONS**

## **CODE 2017 - 1.3.1**

The Board should meet regularly. The quorum required for a meeting should be at least one-third of the Board or at least three members, whichever is greater, if it is not stated in the charity's governing instrument.

## REVISED CODE - 5.6B

The Board meetings should have an appropriate quorum of at least half of the Board, if a quorum is not stated in the charity's governing instrument.

## CODE 2017 - 1.3.3

Proceedings and decisions of Board meetings should be minuted and circulated to the whole Board as soon as practicable.

## REVISED CODE - 5.6C

Record relevant discussions, dissenting views and decisions in the minutes of general and Board meetings. Circulate the minutes of these meetings to the Board as soon as practicable.

# **OTHER REVISIONS**

## **CODE 2017**

Set internal policies for the charity on the following areas and regularly review them:

- Board strategies, functions, and responsibilities;
- Employment practices;
- Volunteer management;
- Finances;
- Investment (obtain advice from qualified professional advisors if this is deemed necessary by the Board);
- Service or quality standards; and
- Other key areas such as fund-raising

## REVISED CODE - 4.4

Set internal policies for the charity on the following areas and regularly review them:

(NEW) Anti-Money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT);

(NEW) Information Technology (IT) including data privacy management and cybersecurity; data protection

# **OTHER REVISIONS**

## CODE 2017 - 9.2

The Board should ensure that there are documented communication policies on the release of information about the charity and its activities to its stakeholders, including the media and the public, across all media platforms.

## REVISED CODE - 6.3

(NEW) Implement a **media communication policy** to help the Board and Management build positive relationships with the media and the public.

# Additional Resources for You!

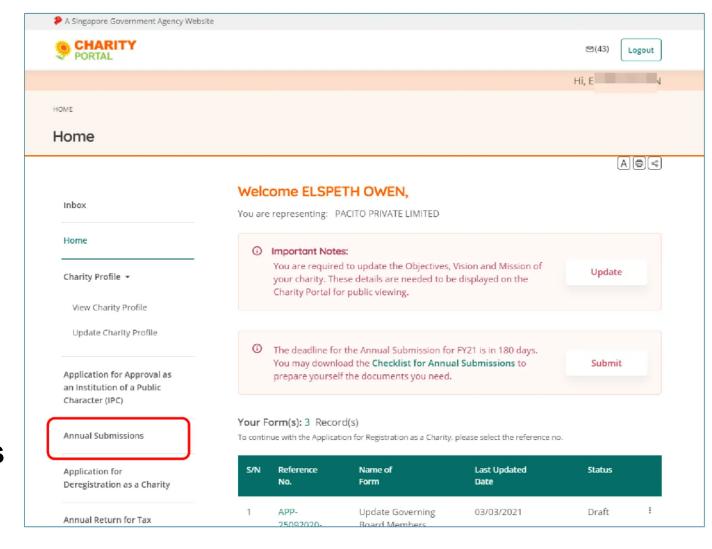
# **SUPPORTING CHARITIES**

RESOURCES	GRANTS	CONSULTANCY	WEBINARS
Charity Portal > Resource and Training > Guides, Templates	Charities Capability Fund (CCF)  Small and Medium can receive up to \$100,000 funding!	Shared Services Initiatives FREE clinics!	Charities Lean Forward Series  Charity Portal > Webinars
GO gov.sg/charitygside	GO govsg	GO gov.sg/ssicharity	https://go.gov.eg/cocwebinars

# REMINDER: MANDATORY ANNUAL SUBMISSIONS

- Annual Report (AR)
- Financial Statements (FS)
  - Charities with GAR/TE
     \$500k, and all IPCS, must
     have their FS externally
     audited.
- Governance Evaluation Checklist (GEC)

All annual submissions are <u>due</u> within 6 months from your charity's financial year end.

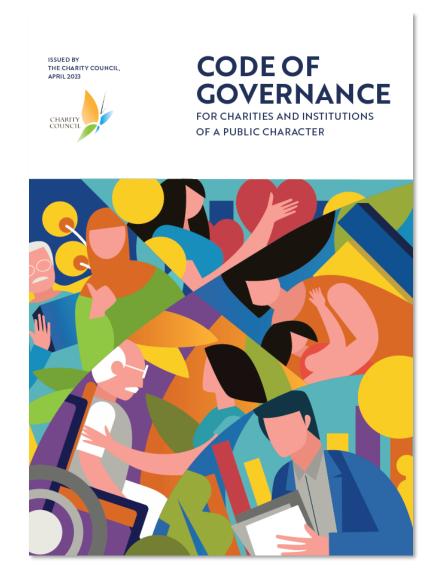


# DOWNLOAD THE CODE



https://go.gov.sg/cog2023

This Code is not made public yet, please treat it in the strictest confidence and do not circulate.



# **SUMMARY**

DOWNLOAD

# Understand and **APPLY the Code!** (73 points / 76 points)

## **EFFECTIVE DATE**

FY beginning on or after

1 January 2024.

## **SUBMISSION**

AR
FS
GEC
within 6 months
from FY end.



# THANK YOU

For enquires on the Code of Governance, please contact the Charity Council Secretariat at <a href="mailto:charity-council-sec@mccy.gov.sg">charity council-sec@mccy.gov.sg</a>